Safety Data Sheet

according to WHS Regulations

Date of issue: 08.10.2026 Version number 7.01 Revision: 08.10.2026

* 1 Identification

· **Product identifier**

· **Trade name: 422B**

· **Other Means of Identification:** Silicone Modified Conformal Coating

· **Related Part Number:** 422B-Aerosol, 422B-340G, 422B-340GCA

· **Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

· **Application of the substance / the mixture**
Conformal Coating
Conformal coating for printed circuit boards and electronic components

· **Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

· **Manufacturer/Supplier:**

MG Chemicals Ltd. (Head Office)
1210 Corporate Drive
Burlington, Ontario L7L 5R6
CANADA
+(1) 905-331-1396
info@mgchemicals.com

Mektronics Australia Pty Ltd
5 Prince William Drive
Seven Hills
NSW 2147
Australia
1300 788 701
www.mektronics.com.au
sales@mektronics.com.au

· **Further information obtainable from:** sds@mgchemicals.com

· **Emergency telephone number:**

Verisk 3E (Access Code: 335388)
+61 1 800 686 951
+61 280363166

* 2 Hazard(s) Identification

· **Classification of the substance or mixture**

Aerosols – Category 2	H223 Flammable aerosol.
	H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated.
Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2	H315 Causes skin irritation.
Eye damage/irritation – Category 2A	H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
Carcinogenicity – Category 2	H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
Reproductive toxicity – Category 2	H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3	H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3	H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2	H373 May cause damage to the kidneys, the liver and the hearing organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard – Category 1	H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

· **Additional information:**
The full text of the classification and labelling elements mentioned is given in Section 16.

· **Label elements**

· **GHS label elements**
The product is classified and labelled according to the Globally Harmonised System (GHS).

(Contd. on page 2)

(Contd. of page 1)

· **Hazard pictograms**

GHS02 GHS07 GHS08

· **Signal word** Danger

· **Hazard-determining components of labelling:**
acetone (21 %)
xylene (17 %)
Butan-2-one (13 %)
ethylbenzene
toluene (<1 %)

· **Hazard statements**
H223 Flammable aerosol.
H229 Pressurized container: may burst if heated.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373 May cause damage to the kidneys, the liver and the hearing organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

· **Precautionary statements**
P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

· **Other hazards** Warning! May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

· **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

· **PBT:** Not applicable

· **vPvB:** Not applicable

* 3 Composition and Information on Ingredients

· **Chemical characterisation: Mixtures**

· **Description:** Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· **Dangerous components:**		
115-10-6	dimethyl ether Flammable gases – Category 1A, H220; Gases under pressure – Compressed gas, H280	36%
67-64-1	acetone Flammable liquids – Category 2, H225; Eye damage/irritation – Category 2A, H319; Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3, H336	21%
1330-20-7	xylene Flammable liquids – Category 3, H226; Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2, H373; Aspiration hazard – Category 1, H304; Acute toxicity - dermal – Category 4, H312; Acute toxicity - inhalation – Category 4, H332; Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2, H315; Eye damage/irritation – Category 2A, H319; Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3, H335; Aquatic Acute 2, H401; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	17%

(Contd. on page 3)

(Contd. of page 2)

78-93-3	Butan-2-one Flammable liquids – Category 2, H225; Eye damage/irritation – Category 2A, H319; Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3, H336	13%
100-41-4	ethylbenzene Flammable liquids – Category 2, H225; Carcinogenicity – Category 2, H351; Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2, H373; Aspiration hazard – Category 1, H304; Acute toxicity - inhalation – Category 4, H332; Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2, H315; Eye damage/irritation – Category 2A, H319	5%
108-88-3	toluene Flammable liquids – Category 2, H225; Reproductive toxicity – Category 1A, H360; Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2, H373; Aspiration hazard – Category 1, H304; Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2, H315; Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3, H336	<1%

· **Additional information:** For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

* 4 First Aid Measures

· **After inhalation:**
In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.
Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
If feeling unwell: Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor.
If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

· **After skin contact:**
Wash with plenty water.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

· **After eye contact:**
Rinse cautiously with water for 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

· **After swallowing:**
Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor.
Rinse mouth.
Do NOT induce vomiting.
A person vomiting while laying on their back should be turned onto their side.
If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

· **Information for doctor:**

· **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**
See section 11 for additional information.

· **Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**
No further relevant information available.

* 5 Fire Fighting Measures

· **Suitable extinguishing agents:**
CO2, powder or water spray. Fight larger fires with water spray or alcohol resistant foam.
Use water spray to cool containers.

· **Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**
Prevent fire-fighting wash from entering waterway or sewer system.
Aerosols containers may erupt with force at temperatures above 50 °C [122 °F].
Vapors are heavier than air. Vapors may travel to sources of ignition near the ground. They can cause flash fire or ignite explosively.

· **Hazardous combustion products:** Carbon Oxides (COx)

(Contd. on page 4)

(Contd. of page 3)

· **Protective equipment:** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn-out gear.

* 6 Accidental Release Measures

· **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**
Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
Ensure adequate ventilation
Remove or keep away all sources of extreme heat or open flames.
Do not breathe fumes, mist or vapors.

· **Environmental precautions:** Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.

· **Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:**
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Collect liquid in a sealable, chemical-resistant container.
Wash residue with a paper towel and place dirty towels in container.
Use soap and water to remove the last traces of residue.

· **Reference to other sections**
See Section 7 for information on safe handling.
See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.
See Section 13 for disposal information.

* 7 Handling and Storage

· **Handling:**
· **Precautions for safe handling**
Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.
Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.
Do not breathe mist, vapours, spray.
Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
· **Information about fire - and explosion protection:**
Do not spray onto a naked flame or any incandescent material.
Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke.
Keep respiratory protective device available.
Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C, i.e. electric lights. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
· **Storage:**
· **Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:**
Observe official regulations on storing packagings with pressurised containers.
Keep in a dry and clean area, away from incompatible substances
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
· **Information about storage in one common storage facility:** Not required
· **Further information about storage conditions:**
Keep container tightly sealed.
Protect from heat and direct sunlight.
Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C [122 °F].
Store locked up.

· **Specific end use(s)** See section 1.2

(Contd. on page 5)

(Contd. of page 4)

* 8 Exposure controls and personal protection

· **Appropriate engineering controls** Keep airborne concentrations below exposure limits.

· **Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:**	
115-10-6 dimethyl ether	
WEL	Short-term value: 950 mg/m³, 500 ppm Long-term value: 760 mg/m³, 400 ppm
WES	Short-term value: 950 mg/m³, 500 ppm Long-term value: 760 mg/m³, 400 ppm
67-64-1 acetone	
WEL	Short-term value: 1187 mg/m³, 500 ppm Long-term value: 594 mg/m³, 250 ppm
WES	Short-term value: 2375 mg/m³, 1000 ppm Long-term value: 1185 mg/m³, 500 ppm
1330-20-7 xylene	
WEL	Short-term value: 655 mg/m³, 150 ppm Long-term value: 350 mg/m³, 80 ppm
WES	Short-term value: 655 mg/m³, 150 ppm Long-term value: 350 mg/m³, 80 ppm
78-93-3 Butan-2-one	
WEL	Short-term value: 885 mg/m³, 300 ppm Long-term value: 590 mg/m³, 200 ppm
WES	Short-term value: 890 mg/m³, 300 ppm Long-term value: 445 mg/m³, 150 ppm
100-41-4 ethylbenzene	
WEL	Long-term value: 87 mg/m³, 20 ppm
WES	Short-term value: 543 mg/m³, 125 ppm Long-term value: 434 mg/m³, 100 ppm
108-88-3 toluene	
WEL	Long-term value: 75 mg/m³, 20 ppm
WES	Short-term value: 574 mg/m³, 150 ppm Long-term value: 191 mg/m³, 50 ppm Sk

· **Additional information:**
The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
Refer to the national or regional occupational exposure limit regulation for abbreviations and acronyms.

· **Personal protective equipment:**

· **General protective and hygienic measures:**
Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.
Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing
Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.
Store protective clothing separately.
Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

· **Respiratory protection:**
If the product is heated or worker has a known allergic reaction, consider using a full mask with organic vapor cartridge or with an independent air supply.
For over-exposures up to 10 x OEL of mist, vapors, and spray, wear respirator such as a half-mask respirator with organic vapor cartridges.
Above 10 x OEL, use a positive-pressure, air-supplied respirator or a self-contained breathing apparatus.
Advice should be sought from respiratory protection specialists.

· **Protection of hands:**
Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Protective gloves: EN374

(Contd. on page 6)

(Contd. of page 5)

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.
Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· **Material of gloves**
The selection of the suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

· **Penetration time of glove material**
The exact break through time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· **Eye protection:**

Safety glasses or tightly sealed goggles: EN 166

* 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

· **Physical state**	Aerosol (gas+liquid)
· **Appearance:**	
· **Form:**	Liquid, in aerosol format.
· **Colour:**	Clear
· **Odour:**	Ester-like
· **Odour threshold:**	Not determined
· **pH-value:**	Not determined
· **Melting point/freezing point:**	Undetermined
· **Initial boiling point and boiling range:**	≥56 °C
· **Flash point:**	-17 °C
· **Flammability**	Flammable.
· **Auto-ignition temperature:**	≥315 °C
· **Decomposition temperature:**	Not determined
· **Ignition temperature:**	Product is not selfigniting.
· **Explosive properties:**	Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/vapour mixtures are possible.
· **Explosion limits:**	
· **Lower:**	3 Vol %
· **Upper:**	26 Vol %
· **Vapour pressure at 20 °C:**	5,200 hPa
· **Relative density at 20 °C:**	0.89
· **Vapor density (air=1):**	>2
· **Evaporation rate**	Not determined
· **Solubility in / Miscibility with**	
· **water:**	Partly miscible.
· **Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:**	Not determined
· **Viscosity:**	
· **Dynamic:**	Not determined
· **Kinematic at 20 °C:**	<20.5 mm²/s
· **Solvent content:**	
· **Organic solvents:**	<92.00 %
· **VOC (EC)**	<92.00 %
· **Solids content:**	>8.0 %
· **Other information**	No further relevant information available.

(Contd. on page 7)

(Contd. of page 6)

· **Particle characteristics**	Not applicable

* 10 Stability and Reactivity

· **Reactivity** Acetone reacts exothermically with phosphorous oxychloride, which can lead to an explosion.

· **Chemical stability** Chemically stable at normal temperatures and pressures.

· **Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided:** No decomposition if used according to specifications.

· **Possibility of hazardous reactions** No dangerous reactions known.

· **Conditions to avoid** Temperatures above 50 °C, open flames, and incompatible substances

· **Incompatible materials:**
Strong acids
Strong bases
Strong oxidizing agents
Phosphorous oxychloride

· **Hazardous decomposition products:**
No dangerous decomposition products known.
Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

* 11 Toxicological Information

· **Information on toxicological effects**

· **Acute toxicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

· **LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:**		
ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimates)		
Dermal	LD50	6,471 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	50 mg/L

115-10-6 dimethyl ether		
Inhalative	LC50/ 4 h	308 g/m3 (rat)
67-64-1 acetone		
Oral	LD50	5,800 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	>7,426 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalative	LC50/ 3 h	132 mg/L (rat)
1330-20-7 xylene		
Oral	LD50	3,523 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	1,100 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	11 mg/L (rat)
78-93-3 Butan-2-one		
Oral	LD50	2,737 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	6,480 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalative	LC50/ 8 h	23,500 mg/m3 (rat)
100-41-4 ethylbenzene		
Oral	LD50	3,500 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	17,800 mg/kg (rabbit)
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	11 mg/L (ATE)
108-88-3 toluene		
Oral	LD50	5,000 mg/kg (rat)
Dermal	LD50	12,124 mg/kg (rabbit)

(Contd. on page 8)

(Contd. of page 7)

Inhalative	LC50/4 h	5,320 mg/L (mouse)

· **Primary irritant effect:**
· **Skin corrosion/irritation** Causes skin irritation.
· **Serious eye damage/irritation** Causes serious eye irritation.
· **Respiratory or skin sensitisation** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
· **Germ cell mutagenicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
· **Carcinogenicity** Suspected of causing cancer.
· **Reproductive toxicity** Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
· **STOT-single exposure** May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
· **STOT-repeated exposure**
May cause damage to the kidneys, the liver and the hearing organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
· **Aspiration hazard** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

· **Summary of Effects and Symptoms by Routes of Exposure**
· **Eyes:** redness, serious irritation
· **Skin:**
dry skin
redness, irritation
· **Inhalation:**
irritation of the respiratory tract
dizziness or drowsiness
headache
· **Swallowed:**
drowsiness or dizziness
nausea, vomiting
burning sensation
abdominal pain
· **Interactive effects**
· **Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure**
Prolonged or repeated exposure may defat skin and cause skin dryness and cracking, and local redness and discomfort.
Chronic inhalation exposure may affect the central nervous system and lead to hearing loss with co-exposure to loud noises.
Chronic overexposure may have adverse effects on the liver, kidney, and central nervous system.
Ingestion or inhalation of paint material, mist, or vapor during pregnancy may increase the chances fetal death and developmental defects.

* 12 Ecological Information

· **Toxicity**

· **Aquatic toxicity:**	
67-64-1 acetone	
EC50/ 48 h	13,500 mg/L (daphnia)
LC50 96h	5,540 mg/L (trout)
1330-20-7 xylene	
LC50 96h	2.5 mg/L (fish)
100-41-4 ethylbenzene	
LC50 96h	4.2 mg/L (trout)
LC50/ 48 h	2.9 mg/L (daphnia)
108-88-3 toluene	
EC50/ 24 h	10 mg/L (algae)
	8.9 mg/L (water flea)
LC50 96h	7.63 mg/L (fish)

· **Persistence and degradability** No further relevant information available.

(Contd. on page 9)

(Contd. of page 8)

· **Behaviour in environmental systems:**

· **Bioaccumulative potential** No further relevant information available.

· **Mobility in soil** No further relevant information available.

· **Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**
· **PBT:** Not applicable
· **vPvB:** Not applicable

· **Other adverse effects** No further relevant information available.

* 13 Disposal considerations

· **Waste treatment methods**
· **Recommendation** This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.

· **Uncleaned packaging:**
· **Recommendation:**
Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.
Dispose of contents in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.
Where possible retain label warnings and SDS and observe all notices pertaining to the product.

* 14 Transport information

· **UN-Number**	
· **ADG, IMDG, IATA**	UN1950
· **UN proper shipping name**	
· **ADG, IMDG**	AEROSOLS
· **IATA**	Aerosols, flammable
· **Transport hazard class(es)**	
· **ADG**	
· **Class**	2 5F Gases.
· **Label**	2.1
· **IMDG, IATA**	
· **Class**	2.1 Gases.
· **Label**	2.1
· **Packing group**	
· **ADG, IMDG, IATA**	Not applicable
· **Environmental hazards:**	Not applicable
· **Special precautions for user**	Not applicable
· **Hazard identification number (Kemler code):**	-

(Contd. on page 10)

(Contd. of page 9)

· **EMS Number:**	F-D,S-U
· **Stowage Code**	SW1 Protected from sources of heat. SW22 For AEROSOLS with a maximum capacity of 1 litre: Category A. For AEROSOLS with a capacity above 1 litre: Category B. For WASTE AEROSOLS: Category C, Clear of living quarters.
· **Segregation Code**	SG69 For AEROSOLS with a maximum capacity of 1 litre: Segregation as for class 9. Stow "separated from" class 1 except for division 1.4. For AEROSOLS with a capacity above 1 litre: Segregation as for the appropriate subdivision of class 2. For WASTE AEROSOLS: Segregation as for the appropriate subdivision of class 2.
· **Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code**	Not applicable
· **Transport/Additional information:**	

Limited Quantity

· **ADG**	
· **Limited quantities (LQ)**	1L
· **Excepted quantities (EQ)**	Code: E0 Not permitted as Excepted Quantity
· **Transport category**	2
· **Tunnel restriction code**	D
· **IMDG**	
· **Limited quantities (LQ)**	1L
· **Excepted quantities (EQ)**	Code: E0 Not permitted as Excepted Quantity
· **UN "Model Regulation":**	UN 1950 AEROSOLS, 2.1

* 15 Regulatory information

· **Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

· **Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals**
All ingredients are listed.

· **Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons**		
67-64-1	acetone	S5
1330-20-7	xylene	S6
78-93-3	Butan-2-one	S5
108-88-3	toluene	S6

· **Australia: Priority Existing Chemicals**
None of the ingredients is listed.

· **Directive 2012/18/EU**

· **Named dangerous substances - ANNEX I** None of the ingredients is listed.

· **Seveso category** P3a FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS

· **Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements** 150 t

(Contd. on page 11)

(Contd. of page 10)

· **Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements** 500 t

* 16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· **Relevant phrases**
H220 Extremely flammable gas.
H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H332 Harmful if inhaled.
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H401 Toxic to aquatic life.
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

· **Department issuing SDS:** Regulatory department
· **Contact:** sds@mgchemicals.com
· **Date of previous version:** 03.09.2026
· **Version number of previous version:** 7.00
· **Abbreviations and acronyms:**
ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds (USA, EU)
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative
Flammable gases – Category 1A: Flammable gases – Category 1A
Aerosols – Category 2: Aerosols – Category 2
: Aerosols – Category 3
Gases under pressure – Compressed gas: Gases under pressure – Compressed gas
Flammable liquids – Category 2: Flammable liquids – Category 2
Flammable liquids – Category 3: Flammable liquids – Category 3
Acute toxicity - dermal – Category 4: Acute toxicity – Category 4
Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 2
Eye damage/irritation – Category 2A: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 2A
Carcinogenicity – Category 2: Carcinogenicity – Category 2
Reproductive toxicity – Category 1A: Reproductive toxicity – Category 1A
Reproductive toxicity – Category 2: Reproductive toxicity – Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2: Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) – Category 2
Aspiration hazard – Category 1: Aspiration hazard – Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute aquatic hazard – Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - long-term aquatic hazard – Category 3
· *** Data compared to the previous version altered.**